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## Legal updates in ITC Law

Decree No. 72 Social Media – Opportunities and Constraints Vietnamese Legal Trends

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- Decree No. 72/2013/ND-CP, "On management, provision and use of Internet services and online information"
- Part of a larger effort by Vietnamese authorities to develop policies and regulations for the Internet in Vietnam
- Perceived by many in business and the foreign press as onerous and impractical

- Major elements of Decree No. 72
  - 1) Cross-border supply of "public information"
  - 2) Local server requirements for: online social networks, general information websites, mobile telcoms network-based services and online games services.
  - 3) Online games Cross-border supply is not allowed
  - Licensing requirements online social networks, general information websites and "G1 type" online games services

- Major elements of Decree No. 72 (continued)
  - 5) Registration requirements for: mobile telcoms networkbased services and certain online games services
  - 6) Licensing/registration requirements contemplate that companies are established in Vietnam
  - 7) Online social network service suppliers must collect accurate personal information before allowing users to create personal sites (blogs) or post information on social networks
  - 8) "Private information" protected

### Affected industries and requirements

Affected industries	Local server requirements	Local entity requirements	Licensing requirements	Registration requirements	Prohibition on cross-border supply?
Online social networks	Х	X	Х		
General information websites	Х	X	Х		
Mobile telecoms network- based services	Х	X		Х	
Online games services	Х	Х	X <sup>1</sup>	X <sup>2</sup>	Х

1. Applies only to "G1 type" online games services

2. Applies only to "G2, G3, and G4 types" online games services

- 1) Cross-border supply of "public information"
  - Requires foreign entities that supply "public information" on a cross-border basis to comply with the "relevant rules" of Vietnamese law.
    - "public information" defined broadly
    - "relevant rules" not defined
    - tasks the Ministry of Information and Communication (MIC) with developing detailed regulations

- 2) Local server requirements for: online social networks, general information websites, mobile telcoms network-based services and online games services.
  - An entity must locate at least one server in Vietnam to:
    - establish an online social network
    - establish a general information website
    - supply content services on a mobile telcoms network
    - provide online gaming services
  - Unclear whether applicable to off-shore providers

- 3) Online games local entity requirement
  - Foreign entities must establish a local enterprise
  - Defines "online game service supplying enterprises" as entities established in Vietnam
  - May amount to a prohibition on the cross-border supply of online games
  - Enforcement against users or non-compliant off-shore gaming services providers (blocking access, etc.)
  - Tasks MIC with developing regulations for "virtual items"

- 4) Licensing requirements online social networks, general information websites and "G1 type" online games services
  - Application to off-shore providers unclear for online social networks, general information websites

- 5) Registration requirements for: mobile telcoms networkbased services and certain online games services
  - Categorizes types of online games and registration procedures for each of them

- 6) Licensing/registration requirement contemplate that companies are established in Vietnam
  - In order to fulfil the licensing and registration requirements, an applicant must be established in Vietnam
    - As a result, it is unclear whether an off-shore entity must create an entity in Vietnam before providing social network services or general information to users in Vietnam

- 7) Online social network service suppliers must ensure that users provide accurate personal information before allowing them to create personal sites (blogs) or post information on social networks
  - Unclear whether suppliers must verify the accuracy and completeness of personal information before or after accepting new members

- 8) "Private information" protected
  - creates categories of "private information" and "public information" with corresponding responsibilities for data custodians
  - Private information is defined as including: "online information that a person or an organization does not publicize or only publicizes to a group of recipients that are identified."

- Controversies:
  - 1) Perceived prohibitions on the posting of "general information" on "personal websites"
    - "General information is information collected from multiple sources about politics, economics, culture and society." (Art. 3.19)
    - "Personal websites" are defined to include those "established via social networks" and that do not "post general information."(Art. 20.4)
    - According to the MIC distinguishes between personal and de facto, and unlicensed, news websites

- Controversies:
  - 1) Cross border provision of "public information" which is accessed by Vietnamese people or people in Vietnam must comply with Vietnamese law
    - Very general
    - Tasks the MIC to specify regulations on the cross-border provision of "public information"

- Degrees of social engagement:
  - Presence static presence and promotion
  - 1-way push active gains ("likes" and "recommends")
  - 2-way interactive increased personalization and recall
  - Engagement dedicated CRM, feedback, monitoring
  - Big Data and Behavioural Analysis data mining and social analysis

- Return on Investment (ROI) of social media
  - Not abstract, can be measured
  - ROI proportional to investment and commitment



- As level of engagement increases, so do rewards and risks
- In Vietnam, as laws and regulations catch up, compliance costs and legal risks will as well
- Need for a well thought out strategic investment in social media that matches business needs

#### Vietnamese and Regional Trends

- Vietnamese governmental interests driving ICT law trends.
  - Vietnamese commercial and tax authorities want to regulate and tax the large and growing e-commerce, online gaming and social networking ecosystems, that are (frustratingly for Vietnamese authorities) often conducted on an off-shore basis.
  - The Ministry of Information is tasked with monitoring and controlling the content and security of information on networks
    - including the Internet.
  - The E-Commerce Decree and the Draft Law on Information Security are each characteristic of these motivations.